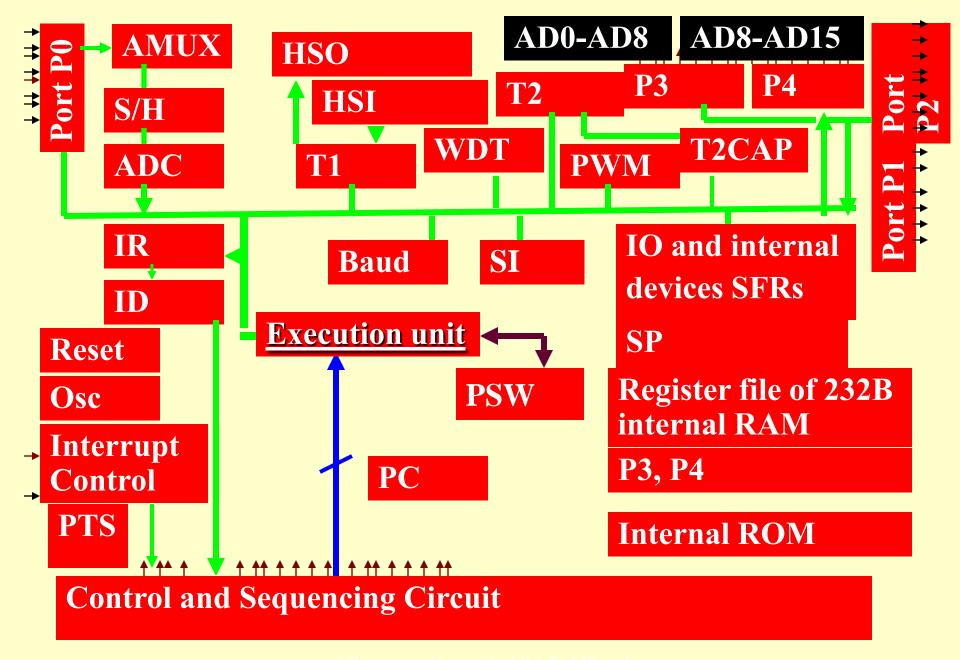
Chapter 14

80x96 Family Microcontrollers



Lesson 10

Serial Interface

Synchronous SI

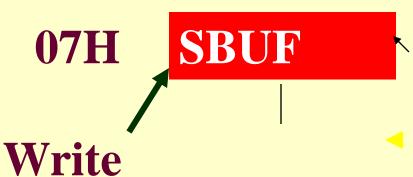
Serial bit transmits at data pin and reception at slave data pin

- Synchronous SI devices are half duplex connected between the master and slave
- Synchronous SI Master device transmits simultaneously serial clock pulses so that slave can synchronize the clocking inputs with the serial data bits.

Synchronous SI Device Data Write (T. 14)

Write (Transmit)

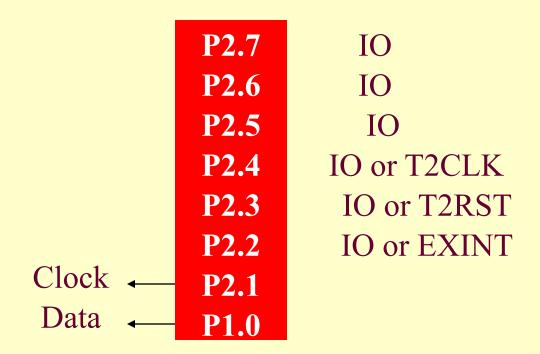
data
out at
P2.1



SI data 8-bits transmit

clock out at P2.1

Address - 10H Port P2

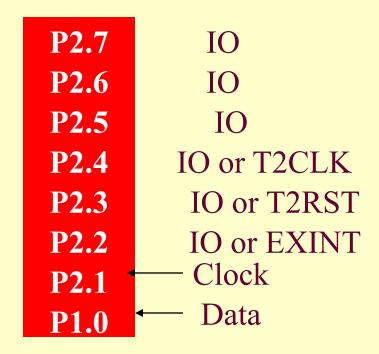


Synchronous Transmitter Option 3

Synchronous SI Device Data Receive

SI data
8-bits SBUF
receive 07H
Read

Address - 10H Port P2



Synchronous Receiver Option 3

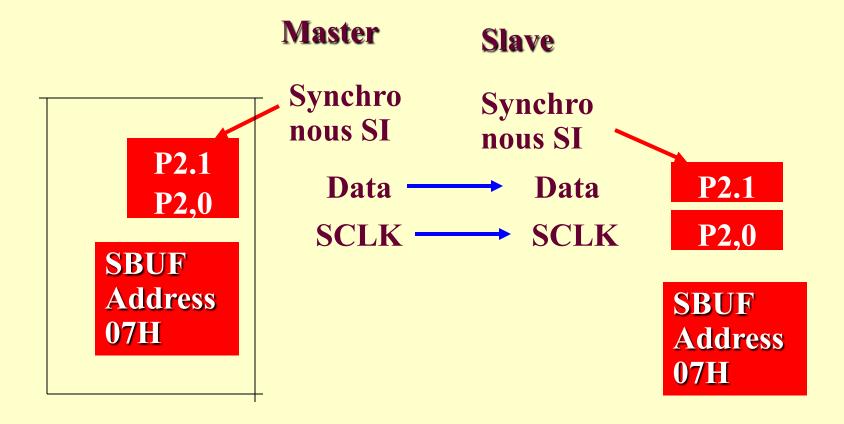
Synchronous SI Device Control Bits

11H SP_CON
Write ____

bit1-bit0 = 00

For Synchronous mode of SI Device

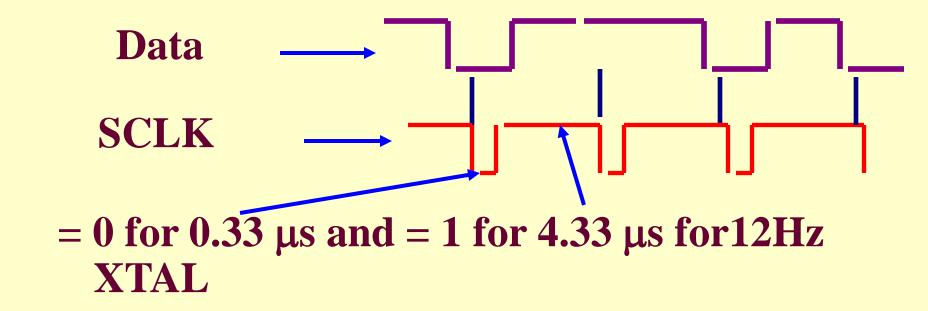
Synchronous SI Master- Slave Connection Between Two MCUs



Synchronous SI Device Rate for SYNC Transmission

• Serial Rate 4.66 μs for 12 MHz XTAL

Synchronous SI Master output 4 bits (0100) and Clock pulses



lsb serial bit first out from SBUF

Synchronous SI Device Status Bits



Asynchronous SI SI UART mode

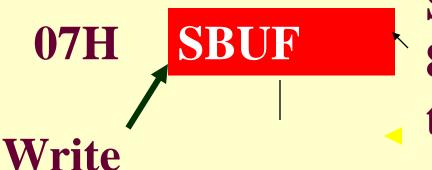
SI UART mode Tx Device at TxD and Rx Device at RxD - Between the MCUs

- SI UART mode devices are duplex connected between the Tx and Rx
- SI UART mode Tx device does not simultaneously transmit serial clock pulses. Baud is however defined same at Tx SI UART mode and Rx SI UART mode

Asynchronous SI Device Data

Write (Transmit)

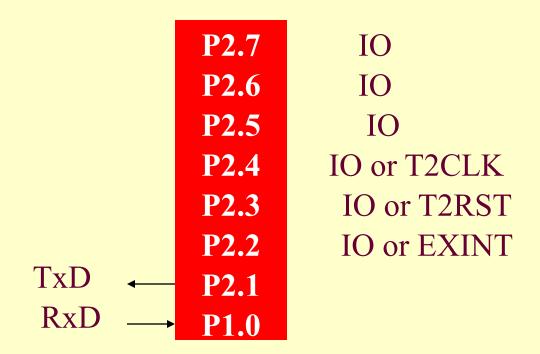
TxD
out at
P2.1



SI data 8-bits transmit

Asynchronous SI Device Data Read (Receive) SI data SBUF SI data 8-bits Receive at P2.0 Read

Address - 10H Port P2



Asynchronous UART Transmitter and receiver Option 3

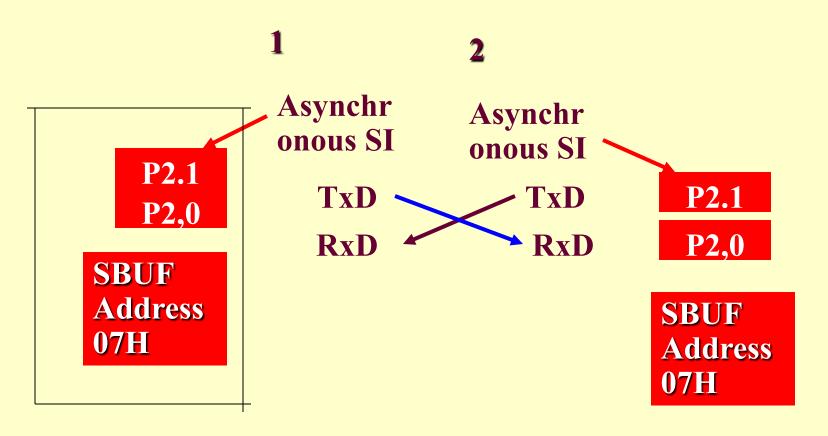
Asynchronous SI Device Control Bits

11H SP_CON
Write ____

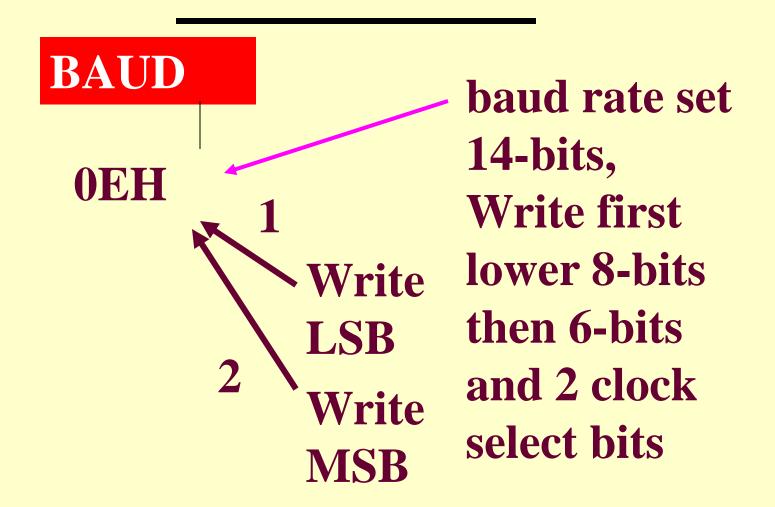
bit1-bit0 = 00

For asynchronous mode of SI Device

Asynchronous SI Connection Between Two MCUs



SI UART mode Device Baud control bits



SI UART mode Device Control Register bits bit1-bit0= **01 (10Tmode1)** 10 (11Tmode2) SP CON **11(11T mode3)** Write

bit2-Parity send enable, bit3= Rx enable,bit 4 = Tx enable,bit:define TB8 for mode2 and 3

X' four bits are as per init register

Serial Communication Control bits Modes using SP_CON

00= means Synchronous mode, 01=UART mode 1- start bit, 8 data bits, stop bit in 10T) 10=UART mode 2- start bit, 8 data bits, Extra TB8/Parity in 11T) 11=UART mode 3- start bit, 8 data bits, Extra TB8/Parity in 11T)

Summary

We learnt

- Synchronous SI
- SI UART mode

End of Lesson 10 on 80x96 Serial Interface