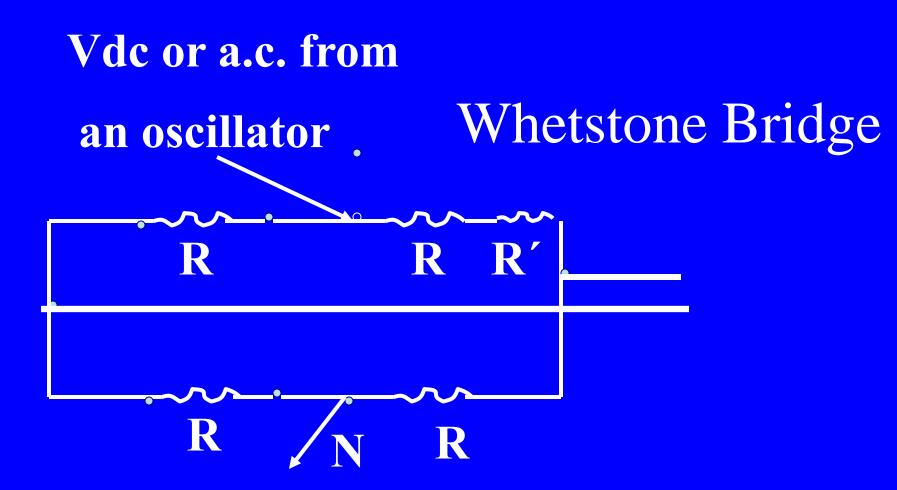
# **Chapter 8**

# Digital and Analog Interfacing Methods

#### Lesson 11 Part a

## Analog Input and Temperature and pressure measuring Interfaces

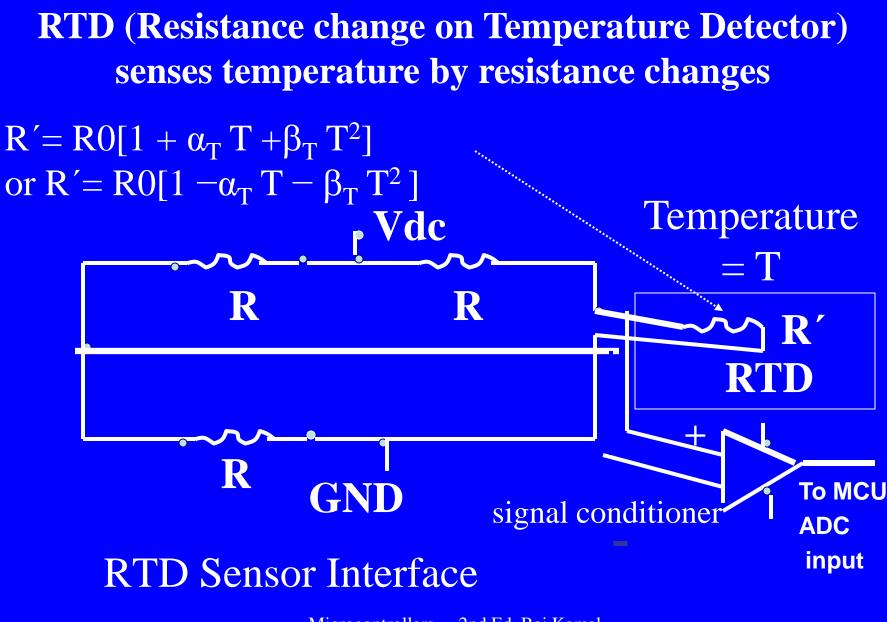


#### Whetstone Bridge

- All four arms Resistances equal when R'= 0, bridge is balanced
- Output = 0V for any analog input when bridge is balanced

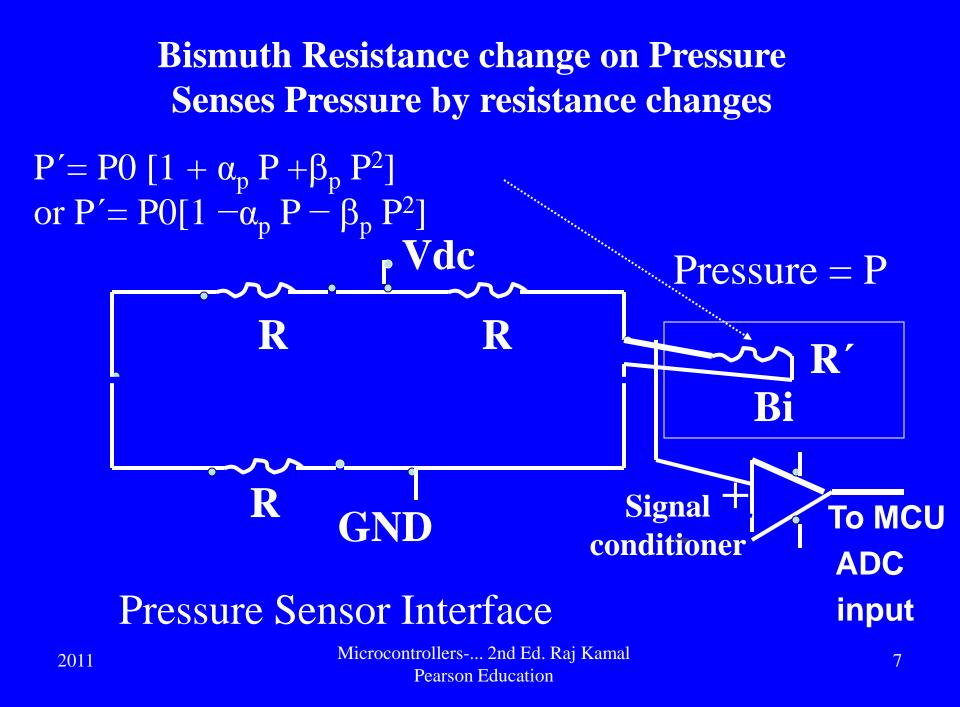
#### Whetstone Bridge

- Assume R' is resistance of the sensor of a physical quantity.
- •All but one Resistance is equal, the output depends on the ratio of (R + R')/R, bridge is not balanced
- Output not = 0V for a non-zero analog input when bridge is not balanced
- •All Resistances are of the same order, bridge gives maximum sensitivity



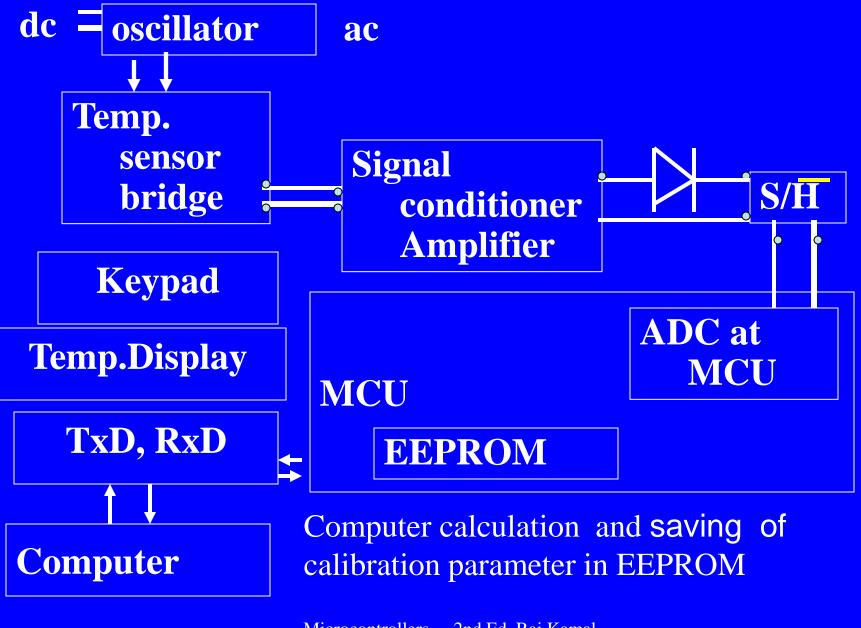
2011

Microcontrollers-... 2nd Ed. Raj Kamal Pearson Education

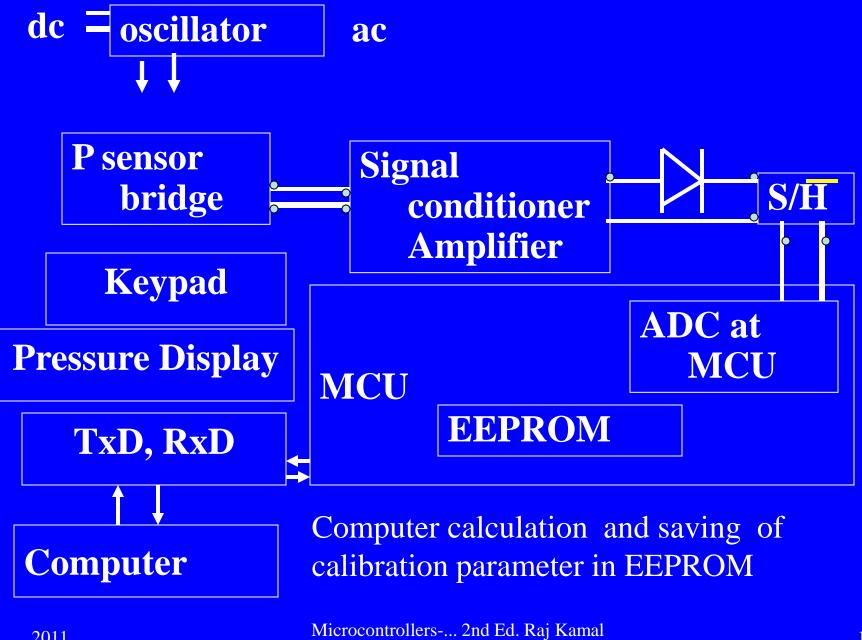


### Signal Conditioner

• Design such that output obtained = 0 Vfor input to ADC when temperature or pressure is at certain minimum limiting value and ADC output is 0000000. • For obtaining reference Voltage input V<sub>ref</sub> to ADC when temperature or pressure is at certain maximum limiting value and ADC output is 11111111.



Microcontrollers-... 2nd Ed. Raj Kamal Pearson Education



**Pearson Education** 

## TxD and RxD Interface to Computer

- Keypad for entering the sample name, physical parameter name, time and date of measurements and other features
- Computer calculation of calibration parameters α<sub>T</sub> and β<sub>T</sub>, α<sub>p</sub> and β<sub>p</sub> and saving in EEPROM
  Periodic calculation and revision of calibration parameters and saving in EEPROM (if required)

## TxD and RxD Interface to Computer

•Computer records permanently the readings at different instances

• Computer graphical presentations for parameter as a function of time

### Summary



Analog Inputs from sensors

- Whetstone bridge
- Signal conditioning amplifier and S/H circuit
- MCU ADC input

#### End of Lesson 11 Part a

## Analog Input and Temperature and pressure measuring Interfaces