

Lesson 12

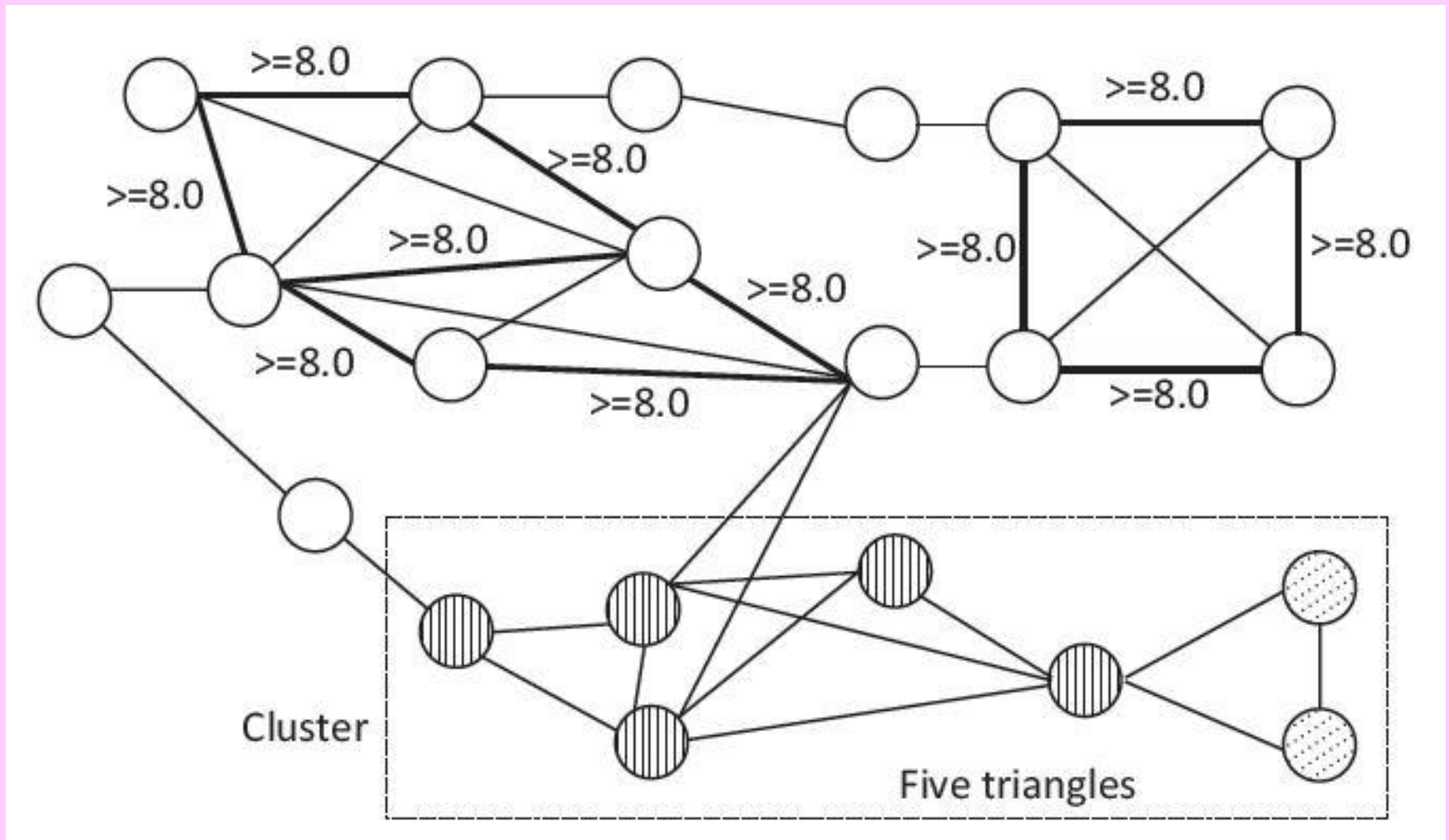
Counting Triangles and Communities In Social Network Graph

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Triangles Counting

- A triangle means three vertices forming a triangle with edges interconnecting them.
- Triangle count refers to the number of triangles passing through each vertex. The count is a measure of clustering.

Figure 9.14 Clustering of five triangles and three matches of graphs



SparkGraphX Triangle-Count Algorithm

- Computes the number of triangles passing through each vertex
- The count is a measure of clustering.

TriangleCount

- Requires the edges to be in canonical orientation ($srcId < dstId$)
- Source vertex ID is `srcId` and Destination vertex ID is `dstID`
- Graph is partitioned using *Graph.partitionBy* operator

Discovery of Communities

- Three metrics identify groups and communities from a social graph
- 1. Cliques – A clique forms by a set of vertices when each of the vertices directly connects to every other individual vertex through the edges. Detecting the cliques leads to direct discovery of communities.

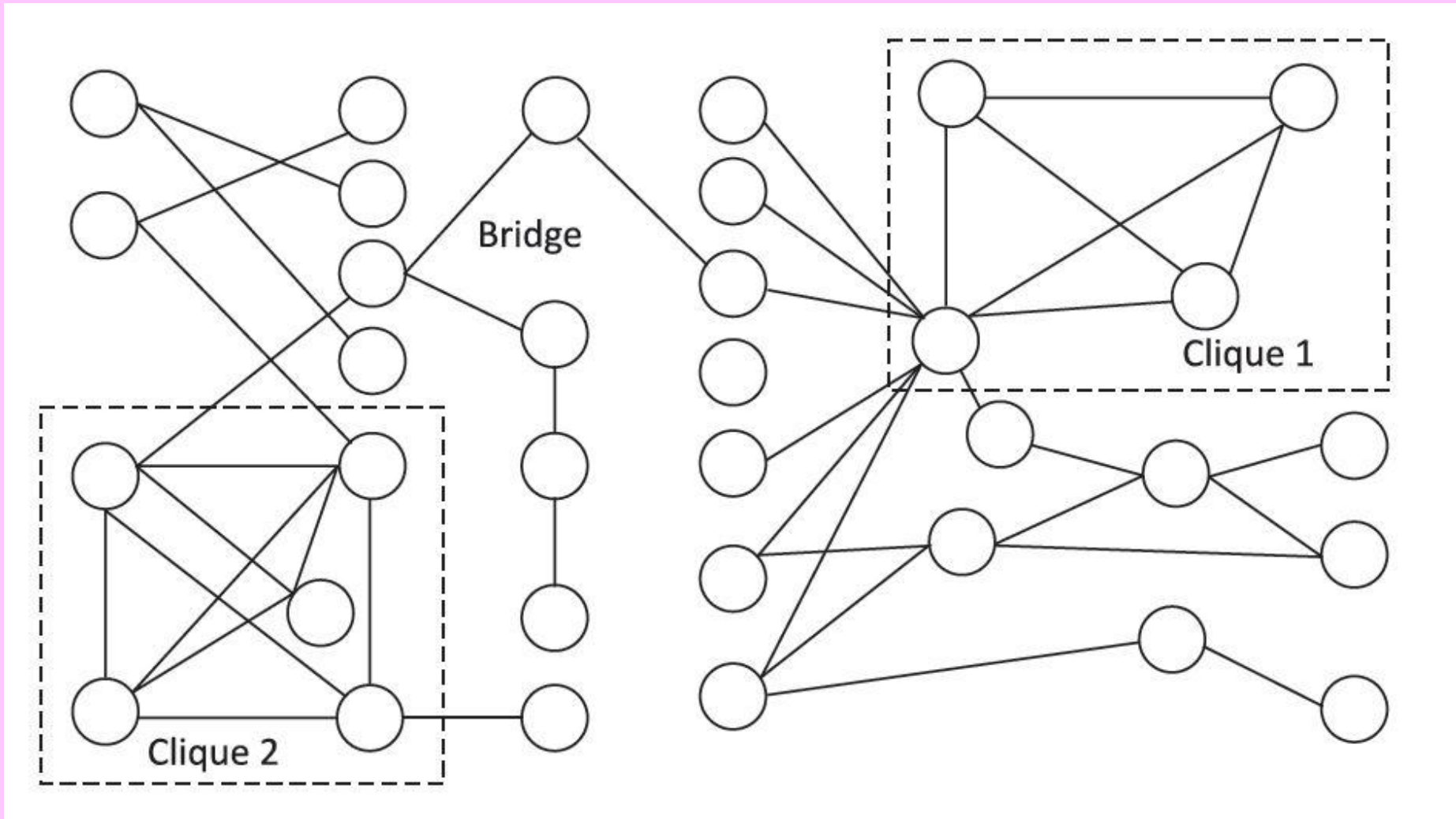
Discovery of Communities

2. Structurally cohesive blocks.
3. Social circles from connections and neighbourhoods

Bridge

- Enables the link between two groups
- Applications of analyzing communities, SimRanks and bridges
- Finding a set of experts, specific areas of expertise, and ranking the expertise in an organization.

Figure 9.15 Two cliques in a social graph network and a bridge between the cliques



Summary

We learnt:

- Clustering of triangles and matches of graphs
- Triangle Counts
- Analyzing communities
- Cliques
- Bridge between cliques
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End of Lesson 12 on
**Counting Triangles and
Communities In Social Network
Graph**