Lesson 1 Definitions and Meanings of AI, ML and DL

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Artificial Intelligence (AI)

 Refers to the science and engineering of making computers perform tasks, which normally require human intelligence.

Examples of AI Performing Human like tasks

- Predicting future results
- Visual perception,
- Pattern Recognition
- Speech Recognition,
- Decision Making and
- Natural language processing

Learning

- Applies in many fields of research and industry
- Learning from a study of data enables efficient and logical decisions for future actions

Machine Learning (ML)

- Refers to is a field of computer science based on AI which deals with learning from data in three phases: Collect, Analyze and Predict
- Does not rely on explicitly programmed instructions

Functions of an ML Program

- 1. An ML program learns the behavior of a process
- 2. Uses data generated from various sources for training
- 3. Learning from the outcomes from common inputs
- 4. Improves future performance from previous outcomes
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Deep Learning (DL)

- Refers to structured learning (DSL) or hierarchical learning
- DL methods are advanced methods in family of ML methods

DL Methods

Methods such as

- Artificial Neural Networks (ANN),
- Neural Nets,
- Deep Neural Networks,
- Deep Belief Networks, and
- Recurrent Neural Networks

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Summary

We learnt meanings of:

- Artificial Intelligence
- Machine Learning
- Deep Learning

End of Lesson 1 on Definitions and Meanings of AI, ML and DL

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